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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/663,923	(	09/16/2003	Eric L. Lien	AM101017 2293		AM101017	2293
25291	7590	04/11/2006		EXAMINER			
WYETH			PRATT, HELEN F				
PATENT L	AW GROU	лP					
5 GIRALDA FARMS				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
MADISON, NJ 07940				1761			

DATE MAILED: 04/11/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<i>*</i> ~				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/663,923	LIEN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Helen F. Pratt	1761					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addre	ess				
• •							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time to the second will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed the mailing date of this commed (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
	—· s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowed	, <del>_</del>						
closed in accordance with the practice under	•						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application	) <b>.</b>						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-	152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr a) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).					
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document		ion No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior			age				
application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
<ul> <li>P)</li></ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F	ate Patent Application (PTO-15	2)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		-,				
		<u> </u>					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 13 and 16 provide for the use of a soymilk protein but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claims 13 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

### **MISCELLANEOUS**

Claim 10 needs a "." at the end.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wong et al. (2001/0018197 A1).

Wong et al. disclose a method of purifying soy protein by removing ribonucleic acids, phytic acid and phytates from protein material for use in infant formulas (abstract and col. 1, para. (0002, 0019). The reference discloses an amount of 0.43 and 0.18% of phytic acid in a soy isolate composition (page 5, 0048), which is within the claimed range. The reference discloses that the soy mixture is hydrolyzed to reduce the viscosity of the mixture (page 4, 0035). Claims 1-6 differ from the reference in the particular degree of hydrolysis of the soy protein. Lonnerdal discloses that it is known to reduce phytate and to partially hydrolyze the protein in soy formula (title, page 490, and col. 1). The protein can be hydrolyzed to 6.3%, which is within the claimed range. Therefore, it would have been obvious to use degree of hydrolysis of soy protein as disclosed by Lonnerdal in the composition of Wong et al. since Lonnerdal is also making a soy formula for infants.

The composition has been shown above as in claim 7. As the composition is for infants, as in Lonnerdal, and Wong et al. also disclose that the composition of that reference is for infants, then it would have been obvious to give the composition of the combined references to an infant (0003 of '197 to Wong et al.). The further limitations as to the composition of claims 8-12 have been disclosed above and are obvious for those reasons.

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Claim 13 is to the use of the composition. However as the composition is known and its function, it would have been obvious to use it as a medicament, a pharmaceutical as in claim 14 or to feed it to infants as in claim 15.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102b as being anticipated by Lonnerdal et al. (Am. J. of Clin. Nutri. Cited by applicants).

Lonnerdal et al disclose a soy formula for infants in which the phytate has been removed (page 490, col. 1. ) and the soy protein hydrolyzed. The soy can have 60 mg/L as in claim 1. The degree of hydrolysis is 6.3% as in claims 1-6.

As the composition is for infants, and the composition is known as in claims 1-6, the composition as shown above is for feeding infants particularly with milk protein allergy or lactose intolerance (col. 1, first and last para.), the method of feeding the composition is known as in claim 7.

The limitations of claims 8-12 have been disclosed above in the composition.

The composition can be used for children with intolerance to cow's milk because of lactose intolerance as in claim 13 or as a pharmaceutical as in claim 14 or for infants without milk intolerance as in claim 15. The intended use as in claim 14 is not given weight in a composition claim (col. 1, first and last para.).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Helen F. Pratt whose telephone number is 571-272-1404. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Milton Cano, can be reached on 571-272-1398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Hp 4-7-06

HELEN PRATT
PRIMARY EXAMINER